

# NCMRWF

## Monthly Data Monitoring Report

September, 2024

NATIONAL CENTRE FOR MEDIUM RANGE WEATHER FORECASTING

(MINISTRY OF EARTH SCIENCES)

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\*Permission to quote from this report should be obtained from  
Director, NCMRWF

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## **1. INTRODUCTION**

As a monthly publication, the NCMRWF Data Monitoring Report presents a general view of the data availability for the whole month. Data produced by the Global Observation System, transmitted through the Global Telecommunication System (GTS) are received by the India Meteorological Department (IMD) at New Delhi is relayed to the NCMRWF data processing system. This report consists of the results of monitoring of all the data received at NCMRWF within the global data assimilation cycle cut-off period (~4 hours). Besides quantity monitoring, the report also presents results of quality monitoring for the Indian sub-continent (blocks 42 and 43) RSRW Data.

Objective monitoring of the quality of the data (for blocks 42 and 43 only) is undertaken by NCMRWF as a monthly activity. Tables are prepared following the Commission for Basic System (CBS) recommended format so that the monitoring results can be readily compared with those from other meteorological centers. This is an important task, because frequent comparisons of this kind are absolutely necessary for the improvement of the quality of the Tropical data.

Following the established procedure at other major weather forecasting centers, the first guesses produced by the Global Data Assimilation System (GDAS) (NGFS) have been used in determining data quality. This approach assumes a very accurate first guess, which is not necessarily valid in data sparse regions like the tropics and also due to the model systematic errors. As a result the quality monitoring of tropical data is a difficult task and any judgement has to be arrived carefully.

**Comments and Suggestions are welcome and should be send to:**  
**Director, NCMRWF**  
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## 2. NCMRWF MONITORING STATISTICS

Availability (global) and data quality (for WMO blocks 42 and 43 only) are presented in figures and tables, of which only a brief descriptions are given below.

### Data Availability (Monthly average of Global Observations)

Figures 1.1 – 1.7 are global charts for all seven types of observations, received at NCMRWF. Each number is the average for 24 hours, over all observations of the particular type received in a 5-degree box.

Figure	Observation Type	Parameter	Level/Layer
1.1	SYNOP/SHIP	MSL Pressure	Surface
1.2	TEMP	Geo-potential	500 hPa
1.3	TEMP/PILOT	Wind	300 hPa
1.4	AIRCRAFT	Wind	300 to 150 hPa
1.5	Satellite Sounding	Radiance	All
1.6	Atmospheric Motion Vector Wind		400–150 hPa 1000–700 hPa
1.7	BUOY	MSL Pressure	Surface

The monthly mean observed satellite wind (low (700 – 1000 hPa) and (high (150 – 400)) and the wind bias (observation – first guess) are shown in figures 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 and 2.4.

### Data Availability (Number of Daily Reports)

Figures 3.1 – 3.7 are bar diagrams for all seven types of observations received at NCMRWF. Each figure represents number of observations of the particular type for each of the month.

#### Figure      Observation Type

3.1	SYNOP
3.2	TEMP
3.3	PILOT
3.4	AIRCRAFT
3.5	Satellite Radiance
3.6	AMV Wind
3.7	BUOY

### **3. EXPLANATORY NOTE ON TABLES AND FIGURES**

#### **General**

The material presented in this report is based on the data received by the IMD and relayed to NCMRWF. Analysis is performed for all the four synoptic hours (0000, 0006, 0012 and 0018 z) and, therefore the assimilation cycle of NGFS is run four times to produce the first-guess (six hour forecast) for the analysis step.

#### **Data Availability**

The average number of reports of each type received per day in a 5-degree square box and rounded off to the nearest integer is indicated for the whole globe (Figures 1.1 – 1.7). Four such numbers are actually displayed inside a 10-degree box for convenience. The integer 0 means that the average number of observations in the smaller box was less than 0.5. If no observations was received at all in the smaller box, then no number is printed for that smaller box.

Bar diagrams for the number of daily reports of a particular type received at NCMRWF are shown in Figures 3.1 to 3.7. This is important in monitoring the steadiness of the reception rate. It can be seen that on some days the number of reports received fall off drastically. In most of the cases they are traced to computer problems at the data reception centre.

Monitoring of Global Radiosonde Reports (Land) is based on the results of quality control steps within NGFS data assimilation cycle.

Table 1 presents the total number of land radiosonde reports received for the month (0000 and 0012 z) (WMO blocks 42 and 43), the number of hydrostatic errors detected in these reports by the CQC and the percent of corrections performed that are confident corrections.

#### **Indian Data Frequency**

Table 2 shows the number of times an upper air station within WMO blocks 42 or 43 reported in this month. The lists of stations are in accordance with the latest WMO directory. The numbers for 0000, 0006, 0012, and 0018 z are listed in separate columns. All stations that are expected to report are listed including those stations, which never report even once during the whole month. It is seen that there are variations in reporting frequencies.

## Indian Data Quality

Tables 3–10 represent the results of quality monitoring statistics carried out at NCMRWF for the upper air stations under the WMO blocks 42 and 43 only. The conventional procedure is followed, which is that of first computing the normalized magnitude of the observation minus first guess interpolated to the observation point (the residual) and then comparing this value against a preset limit as well as checking the consistency of this value against similar values in the neighbourhood. The rationale of this approach is based on the work of A. Hollingsworth et al., Monthly Weather Review, Vol.114, No.5, May 1986, where the authors demonstrated the ability of modern data assimilation system to monitor the quality of an observational network. However, in the tropics these results have to be accepted with caution for two reasons:

- (1) As mentioned before, the above procedure assumed high quality first guess which is not guaranteed in data sparse area like the tropics.
- (2) Since small scale features like convection play a dominant role in the tropical atmosphere, sometimes there might be mismatch between this scale and that of the first guess which is determined by the forecast model.

Tables 3a and 3b present the number of observations received (count), rejection by the analysis (in percentage), standard deviation, total bias and root mean square error for the 100 hPa geopotential heights for 0000 and 0012 z respectively in units of meter. Tables 4a and 4b are the similar tables for 500 hPa geopotential heights. Tables 5a and 5b present similar results for 100 hPa dry temperatures and and tables 6a and 6b present similar results for 500 hPa dry temperatures in units of kelvin. Tables 7a and 7b show similar results for 100 hPa zonal winds, and tables 8a and 8b similar results for 500 hPa zonal winds in units of m/s. Tables 9a and 9b show similar results for 100 hPa meridional winds and tables 10a 10b present similar results for 500 hPa meridional winds in units of m/s.



TABLE 2: TOTAL UPPER AIR REPORTS RECEIVED 1 9 2024 TO 30 9 2024  
 FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

42809	CALCUTTA/DMDM	30 30	0 28	30 30	0 25
42867	NAGPUR SONEGN	19 16	0 30	19 19	0 30
42874	RAIPUR	30 28	0 0	29 29	0 0
42886	JHARSUGUDA	0 30	0 0	0 30	0 24
42895	BALASORE	0 29	0 0	0 29	0 30
42909	VERAVAL	0 16	0 0	0 29	0 17
42971	BHUBANESWAR	30 29	0 24	30 30	0 30
43003	BOMBAY/SANTCR	29 29	1 30	30 30	0 30
43014	AURNGABAD/AER	29 29	0 30	0 0	0 30
43041	JAGDALPUR	30 30	0 28	0 30	0 22
43049	GOPALPUR	18 26	0 0	0 30	0 30
43063	POONA	30 30	0 0	0 0	0 0
43110	RATNAGIRI	0 0	0 0	0 2	0 0
43128	HYDERABAD AER	25 24	0 0	12 12	0 0
43150	VISHAKHAPATNM	30 25	7 23	30 24	10 10
43185	MACHILIPATNAM	29 29	0 19	0 29	0 22
43192	GOA/PANJIM	0 29	0 0	0 30	0 0
43194	GOA/DABOLIM	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
43201	GADAG	23 30	0 0	29 30	17 18
43237	ANANTAPUR	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
43279	MADRAS/MINAMB	28 26	1 23	25 28	0 22
43284	MANG/BAJPE	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
43285	MANG/PANAMBUR	1 25	0 10	0 20	0 16
43295	BANGALORE	23 20	4 4	15 24	4 5
43311	AMINI DIVI	27 28	0 0	28 29	0 0
43333	PORT BLAIR	0 30	0 28	0 30	0 30
43344	TIRUCHIRAPLLI	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
43346	KARAIKAL	30 30	0 14	0 28	0 16
43353	COCHIN/WILING	29 28	0 0	22 22	0 0
43368	CAR NICOBAR	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
43369	MINICOY	30 30	0 0	30 30	0 0
43371	TRIVANDRUM	29 28	0 0	30 30	0 0
43373	TRIVANDRUM/TH	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0

TABLE 3a: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS  
FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

100 hPa GEOPOTENTIAL HEIGHT INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (00Z )  
UNIT IS GEOPOTENTIAL METERS

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42027	12	16	199.6	12.8	200.0
42079	9	11	561.6	-174.2	588.0
42111	24	0	37.2	19.1	41.8
42182	11	0	10.2	12.0	15.8
42314	9	11	98.0	35.4	104.2
42339	30	0	12.5	26.9	29.6
42348	13	0	33.5	54.6	64.1
42361	27	0	12.8	24.3	27.5
42399	22	18	127.4	118.7	174.1
42410	18	11	69.7	94.1	117.1
42492	25	0	17.5	30.4	35.1
42623	7	28	554.0	15.3	554.2
42634	24	4	546.1	137.7	563.2
42647	24	0	28.2	12.3	30.8
42675	23	8	85.4	89.2	123.5
42724	20	5	69.1	43.7	81.8
42809	22	0	37.2	40.3	54.8
42867	8	0	15.4	14.6	21.2
42874	24	16	101.4	102.3	144.1
42971	12	0	11.2	22.2	24.9
43003	16	0	25.8	41.4	48.8
43014	29	0	16.0	25.4	30.0
43041	28	3	137.4	77.2	157.6
43049	15	0	13.2	50.3	52.0
43063	25	0	47.5	50.9	69.6
43128	14	0	15.8	26.8	31.1
43150	17	0	9.2	24.8	26.5
43185	24	0	478.6	-64.0	482.9
43279	12	0	9.5	16.8	19.2
43295	13	0	10.7	26.5	28.6
43346	28	0	17.9	29.2	34.3
43353	22	0	9.7	47.9	48.9
43369	18	5	52.2	67.7	85.5
43371	11	0	8.9	21.1	22.9

TABLE 3b: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS  
FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

100 hPa GEOPOTENTIAL HEIGHT INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (12Z )  
UNIT IS GEOPOTENTIAL METERS

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42056	12	0	12.6	48.3	49.9
42079	18	0	46.2	56.5	73.0
42182	2	0	0.5	-1.5	1.6
42339	13	0	17.3	41.7	45.2
42410	24	4	36.7	26.8	45.4
42647	4	0	21.3	30.8	37.4
42724	3	0	4.5	19.0	19.5
42809	22	0	20.6	16.7	26.5
42867	5	0	12.6	6.6	14.2
42971	9	0	10.5	2.6	10.8
43003	8	0	27.7	33.4	43.4
43150	13	0	21.2	11.5	24.1
43279	10	0	16.0	-5.9	17.0
43353	16	6	70.5	90.1	114.4
43369	13	53	90.0	176.1	197.8
43371	9	0	8.5	7.7	11.5

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TABLE 4a: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS  
FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

500 hPa GEOPOTENTIAL HEIGHT INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (00Z )  
UNIT IS GEOPOTENTIAL METERS

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42027	21	4	37.1	13.3	39.4
42079	15	0	8.9	2.3	9.2
42111	27	0	6.9	-8.0	10.5
42182	11	0	5.7	6.2	8.4
42314	27	18	37.0	-30.8	48.2
42339	30	0	6.8	0.8	6.8
42348	13	0	5.3	38.4	38.7
42361	28	0	6.4	-1.1	6.5
42399	29	0	5.7	-1.9	6.0
42410	21	0	7.9	10.0	12.7
42492	30	0	7.8	5.1	9.3
42623	29	0	5.3	18.7	19.5
42634	27	3	673.1	131.1	685.7
42647	27	0	6.9	0.3	6.9
42675	27	0	9.3	5.4	10.7
42724	27	3	18.7	4.2	19.1
42809	28	0	10.9	1.6	11.0
42867	15	0	9.5	12.6	15.8
42874	29	0	7.4	9.8	12.3
42971	17	0	9.5	9.8	13.7
43003	20	0	11.8	0.2	11.8
43014	29	0	6.6	2.9	7.2
43041	30	3	7.3	7.8	10.7
43049	17	5	10.5	15.2	18.5
43063	30	0	8.9	-1.3	9.0
43128	23	0	7.8	-4.3	8.9
43150	23	0	7.0	10.7	12.7
43185	27	3	519.6	-108.4	530.8
43279	20	0	5.2	8.1	9.6
43295	14	0	6.1	4.4	7.5
43346	29	3	22.6	21.1	30.9
43353	28	0	7.8	-19.9	21.4
43369	29	0	8.0	2.2	8.3
43371	13	0	8.7	22.5	24.2

TABLE 4b: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS  
FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

500 hPa GEOPOTENTIAL HEIGHT INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (12Z )  
UNIT IS GEOPOTENTIAL METERS

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42056	21	4	75.3	26.9	79.9
42079	18	0	14.8	2.8	15.1
42182	5	0	4.6	1.8	5.0
42339	14	0	6.2	2.4	6.6
42410	26	0	7.8	7.4	10.8
42647	2	0	8.5	9.5	12.7
42724	7	0	7.9	2.3	8.2
42809	28	0	10.0	-0.0	10.0
42867	15	0	10.0	4.6	11.0
42971	12	0	12.4	4.7	13.3
43003	10	0	7.6	4.2	8.6
43150	18	0	9.5	6.4	11.4
43279	12	0	11.8	-1.2	11.9
43353	22	4	15.8	-5.4	16.7
43369	29	0	6.7	4.1	7.9
43371	10	0	10.8	13.4	17.2

TABLE 5a: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS  
FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

100 hPa DRY TEMPERATURE INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (00Z )  
UNIT IS DEGREE KELVIN

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42027	12	16	6.2	2.4	6.7
42079	9	11	2.8	2.0	3.4
42111	24	0	1.0	-0.2	1.0
42182	30	0	0.9	-0.6	1.1
42314	9	11	1.5	-0.0	1.5
42339	30	0	1.1	0.2	1.1
42348	13	0	1.0	0.2	1.0
42361	27	0	1.2	-0.3	1.3
42399	22	18	7.9	4.3	9.0
42410	28	7	1.7	0.5	1.8
42492	25	0	1.3	-0.4	1.3
42623	7	28	31.0	21.6	37.8
42634	23	0	1.1	0.0	1.1
42647	26	0	1.3	-0.1	1.3
42675	24	12	9.9	2.4	10.2
42724	24	4	1.6	1.1	2.0
42809	26	0	1.4	0.0	1.4
42867	11	0	0.8	-0.4	0.9
42874	24	16	4.1	2.0	4.5
42971	25	0	1.2	-0.0	1.2
43003	19	0	2.2	0.5	2.2
43014	29	0	1.4	-0.7	1.5
43041	28	3	1.8	0.2	1.8
43049	15	0	1.6	0.0	1.6
43063	25	0	2.3	0.2	2.3
43128	14	0	1.9	-0.0	1.9
43150	19	0	1.0	-0.7	1.2
43185	24	0	4.2	0.4	4.3
43279	20	0	1.3	-0.8	1.5
43295	13	0	1.6	-0.6	1.7
43346	28	0	1.6	-0.8	1.8
43353	22	0	1.5	-1.0	1.8
43369	18	5	2.6	0.9	2.8
43371	24	0	1.6	-0.1	1.6

TABLE 5b: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS

FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

100 hPa DRY TEMPERATURE INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (12Z )

UNIT IS DEGREE KELVIN

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42056	12	0	1.1	1.0	1.4
42079	18	0	1.1	1.4	1.8
42182	30	3	2.8	0.2	2.8
42339	13	0	1.3	0.8	1.5
42410	26	3	2.2	0.2	2.2
42647	8	0	0.8	-0.6	1.0
42724	4	0	1.3	0.1	1.3
42809	24	0	1.5	-0.2	1.5
42867	11	0	1.0	-0.3	1.0
42971	26	0	1.2	-1.0	1.6
43003	18	0	1.1	-0.0	1.1
43150	22	0	1.4	-0.4	1.5
43279	27	0	1.3	-0.6	1.4
43353	16	6	2.6	-0.3	2.6
43369	13	53	2.6	3.4	4.3
43371	26	0	1.6	-0.4	1.6

TABLE 6a: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS  
FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

500 hPa DRY TEMPERATURE INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (00Z )  
UNIT IS DEGREE KELVIN

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42027	21	4	4.8	-2.4	5.4
42079	15	0	1.0	-0.4	1.1
42111	27	0	0.7	-0.5	0.9
42182	11	0	0.9	-0.2	0.9
42314	27	18	0.8	-0.6	1.0
42339	30	0	1.0	-0.2	1.1
42348	13	0	0.9	-0.7	1.1
42361	28	0	0.9	-0.5	1.1
42399	29	0	0.7	-0.2	0.7
42410	21	0	0.7	-0.6	0.9
42492	30	0	0.6	-0.6	0.9
42623	29	0	0.7	-0.6	0.9
42634	27	3	4.4	-0.8	4.5
42647	27	0	1.0	-0.8	1.2
42675	27	0	1.1	-0.4	1.2
42724	27	3	0.9	-0.7	1.1
42809	28	0	0.6	-0.6	0.9
42867	15	0	0.8	-0.5	1.0
42874	29	0	0.8	-0.2	0.8
42971	17	0	0.8	-0.5	1.0
43003	20	0	0.8	-0.4	0.9
43014	29	0	0.8	-0.4	0.9
43041	30	3	0.9	-0.3	0.9
43049	17	5	1.1	-0.1	1.1
43063	30	0	0.9	-0.8	1.2
43128	23	0	0.7	-0.1	0.7
43150	24	0	1.1	-0.6	1.3
43185	27	3	2.7	0.3	2.7
43279	20	0	0.9	-0.1	0.9
43295	15	0	0.7	-0.2	0.7
43346	29	0	0.9	-0.5	1.0
43353	28	0	0.8	-0.1	0.8
43369	29	0	0.6	0.0	0.6
43371	13	0	1.0	-0.2	1.1

TABLE 6b: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS

FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

500 hPa DRY TEMPERATURE INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (12Z )

UNIT IS DEGREE KELVIN

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42056	21	4	6.7	1.4	6.9
42079	18	0	1.0	-0.6	1.2
42182	5	0	0.6	-0.7	0.9
42339	14	0	1.0	-0.1	1.0
42410	26	0	0.7	-0.9	1.1
42647	2	0	0.4	-0.1	0.4
42724	7	0	0.2	-0.9	0.9
42809	28	0	0.6	-0.8	1.0
42867	15	0	1.0	-0.4	1.0
42971	12	0	0.8	-0.9	1.2
43003	10	0	0.7	-0.5	0.8
43150	18	0	0.8	-0.7	1.1
43279	12	0	0.7	-0.7	1.0
43353	22	4	0.8	0.4	0.9
43369	29	0	1.4	0.1	1.4
43371	10	0	0.9	-0.9	1.3

TABLE 7a: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS  
FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

100 hPa ZONAL WIND INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (00Z )  
UNIT IS METER/SEC

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42027	12	0	5.4	-5.0	7.3
42079	9	0	2.3	1.8	2.9
42111	24	0	1.6	0.9	1.8
42182	28	0	2.7	0.4	2.7
42314	9	0	2.2	0.6	2.2
42339	30	0	2.5	-0.1	2.5
42348	13	0	4.0	1.5	4.3
42361	27	0	2.5	0.6	2.6
42399	22	0	3.7	-1.3	3.9
42410	28	0	2.0	0.2	2.0
42492	25	0	2.0	0.9	2.2
42623	7	0	1.8	0.5	1.9
42634	24	0	2.5	-0.1	2.5
42647	26	0	2.6	-1.0	2.8
42675	24	0	2.4	0.1	2.4
42724	24	0	2.3	0.3	2.3
42809	26	0	3.4	-0.5	3.5
42867	11	0	1.9	-2.2	2.9
42874	24	0	2.3	-0.4	2.3
42971	25	0	4.0	-0.6	4.1
43003	17	0	5.0	-1.1	5.1
43014	29	0	3.2	-1.0	3.3
43041	28	0	3.4	-1.3	3.6
43049	15	0	3.0	-1.4	3.3
43063	25	0	2.9	-0.8	3.0
43128	14	0	3.5	-1.4	3.8
43150	19	0	2.6	0.0	2.6
43185	24	0	3.0	-0.5	3.0
43279	19	0	4.1	1.4	4.3
43295	14	0	3.8	0.1	3.8
43346	28	0	4.7	-0.8	4.8
43353	22	0	3.3	-3.5	4.8
43369	18	0	5.5	-0.2	5.5
43371	12	0	3.2	-1.1	3.3

TABLE 7b: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS

FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

100 hPa ZONAL WIND INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (12Z )

UNIT IS METER/SEC

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42056	12	0	2.1	0.2	2.1
42079	18	0	3.5	-0.3	3.5
42182	30	0	2.2	0.8	2.3
42339	13	0	3.3	-0.5	3.4
42410	26	0	1.7	0.2	1.7
42647	8	0	2.0	-1.5	2.5
42724	4	0	2.8	1.0	3.0
42809	24	0	2.9	0.5	2.9
42867	10	0	4.2	-0.9	4.3
42971	26	0	2.2	-1.3	2.5
43003	14	0	2.4	-0.4	2.4
43150	22	0	3.3	-1.4	3.6
43279	25	0	3.9	-2.4	4.6
43353	16	0	3.8	-1.9	4.3
43369	13	0	10.0	-1.4	10.1
43371	12	0	3.9	-2.4	4.6

TABLE 8a: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS

FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

500 hPa ZONAL WIND INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (00Z )

UNIT IS METER/SEC

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42027	21	0	2.6	-1.1	2.8
42079	15	0	2.7	0.1	2.7
42111	27	0	2.4	-0.7	2.5
42182	16	0	2.3	-0.2	2.3
42314	27	0	3.1	-0.5	3.1
42339	30	0	2.1	-0.6	2.2
42348	13	0	2.1	-0.7	2.2
42361	28	0	1.8	-0.4	1.9
42399	29	0	2.2	-1.5	2.6
42410	23	0	1.7	-0.5	1.8
42492	30	0	2.2	-0.4	2.2
42623	29	0	2.2	-0.9	2.4
42634	27	0	2.0	0.1	2.0
42647	27	0	3.4	-1.2	3.6
42675	27	0	2.6	-0.6	2.7
42724	28	0	2.2	0.2	2.2
42809	28	0	2.6	0.4	2.7
42867	15	0	2.7	-0.1	2.7
42874	29	0	1.6	-0.3	1.7
42971	18	0	2.7	0.5	2.8
43003	20	0	2.1	0.4	2.1
43014	29	0	1.8	0.5	1.8
43041	30	0	2.3	1.1	2.6
43049	17	0	1.7	0.3	1.7
43063	30	0	1.8	0.6	1.9
43128	23	0	2.1	0.0	2.1
43150	23	0	2.4	0.8	2.5
43185	27	0	2.0	-0.3	2.0
43279	21	0	3.4	1.0	3.5
43295	14	0	2.3	0.3	2.3
43346	29	0	2.1	0.1	2.1
43353	28	0	1.6	0.8	1.8
43369	29	0	2.2	-0.1	2.2
43371	15	0	2.0	0.5	2.0

TABLE 8b: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS

FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

500 hPa ZONAL WIND INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (12Z )

UNIT IS METER/SEC

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42056	21	0	15.1	2.7	15.3
42079	18	0	2.0	0.7	2.1
42182	10	0	2.4	2.0	3.1
42339	14	0	1.9	0.5	1.9
42410	26	0	1.9	-0.8	2.1
42647	2	0	1.3	1.3	1.8
42724	7	0	1.3	-0.3	1.3
42809	28	0	2.1	-0.6	2.2
42867	15	0	2.5	0.5	2.6
42971	14	0	1.9	0.4	1.9
43003	11	0	3.0	1.6	3.4
43150	20	0	3.6	0.8	3.7
43279	16	0	3.4	1.3	3.6
43353	22	0	1.5	0.7	1.7
43369	29	0	2.0	0.7	2.1
43371	11	0	1.7	1.4	2.2

TABLE 9a: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS  
FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

100 hPa MERIDIONAL WIND INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (00Z )  
UNIT IS METER/SEC

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42027	12	0	4.1	1.0	4.2
42079	9	0	2.9	-0.6	3.0
42111	24	0	2.4	-0.2	2.4
42182	28	0	3.2	0.5	3.3
42314	9	0	2.7	1.4	3.0
42339	30	0	3.6	1.3	3.8
42348	13	0	5.4	1.2	5.5
42361	27	0	3.0	1.9	3.5
42399	22	0	2.0	0.1	2.0
42410	28	0	3.8	-1.1	3.9
42492	25	0	3.1	0.5	3.1
42623	7	0	2.2	0.5	2.2
42634	24	0	3.2	0.3	3.2
42647	26	0	4.1	0.9	4.2
42675	24	0	2.9	0.7	3.0
42724	24	0	2.6	1.2	2.9
42809	26	0	3.3	0.4	3.3
42867	11	0	3.1	0.5	3.1
42874	24	0	2.4	-0.4	2.4
42971	25	0	3.5	1.1	3.6
43003	17	0	3.2	-0.2	3.2
43014	29	0	2.8	0.2	2.9
43041	28	0	3.5	0.9	3.6
43049	15	0	2.6	2.7	3.8
43063	25	0	3.2	-0.8	3.3
43128	14	0	5.0	0.3	5.0
43150	19	0	3.5	0.6	3.6
43185	24	0	2.7	-0.1	2.7
43279	19	0	5.0	-1.2	5.1
43295	14	0	3.5	-1.8	3.9
43346	28	0	4.9	-2.5	5.5
43353	22	0	3.3	-0.9	3.4
43369	18	0	3.5	0.8	3.6
43371	12	0	4.6	-0.5	4.7

TABLE 9b: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS

FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

100 hPa MERIDIONAL WIND INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (12Z )

UNIT IS METER/SEC

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42056	12	0	1.9	-0.8	2.0
42079	18	0	2.9	0.6	3.0
42182	30	0	3.4	0.4	3.4
42339	13	0	1.7	-0.3	1.7
42410	26	0	2.6	0.4	2.6
42647	8	0	4.2	2.3	4.7
42724	4	0	3.8	1.5	4.1
42809	24	0	3.3	-0.8	3.4
42867	10	0	3.8	-0.4	3.8
42971	26	0	3.0	0.4	3.0
43003	14	0	3.1	0.5	3.2
43150	22	0	3.0	-0.7	3.0
43279	25	0	4.3	1.0	4.5
43353	16	0	4.0	-0.7	4.0
43369	13	0	2.6	-1.2	2.9
43371	12	0	4.6	-0.6	4.6

TABLE 10a: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS  
FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

500 hPa MERIDIONAL WIND INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (00Z )  
UNIT IS METER/SEC

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42027	21	0	3.3	0.7	3.4
42079	15	0	2.7	0.4	2.7
42111	27	0	2.5	1.2	2.7
42182	16	0	1.9	0.6	2.0
42314	27	0	2.2	-0.5	2.2
42339	30	0	2.0	-0.5	2.1
42348	13	0	1.4	-0.6	1.5
42361	28	0	3.3	0.0	3.3
42399	29	0	2.3	-0.4	2.3
42410	23	0	2.3	0.1	2.3
42492	30	0	2.4	-0.5	2.5
42623	29	0	2.0	-0.4	2.1
42634	27	0	1.8	-0.6	1.9
42647	27	0	2.7	-0.3	2.7
42675	27	0	1.5	0.6	1.6
42724	28	0	3.0	-0.3	3.0
42809	28	0	2.5	0.3	2.5
42867	15	0	2.3	0.9	2.5
42874	29	0	2.4	-0.3	2.4
42971	18	0	2.3	0.4	2.3
43003	20	0	2.4	-0.2	2.4
43014	29	0	2.1	0.2	2.1
43041	30	0	2.2	-0.6	2.3
43049	17	0	2.2	-0.0	2.2
43063	30	0	1.5	-0.4	1.6
43128	23	0	1.9	0.3	2.0
43150	23	0	2.6	-0.5	2.7
43185	27	0	2.3	0.6	2.4
43279	21	0	2.5	-0.5	2.5
43295	14	0	2.1	0.6	2.2
43346	29	0	1.8	0.4	1.9
43353	28	0	1.9	-0.4	2.0
43369	29	0	1.6	0.2	1.6
43371	15	0	2.8	0.1	2.8

TABLE 10b: NCMRWF RADIOSONDE MONITORING STATISTICS

FOR WMO BLOCK 42 AND 43 STATIONS ONLY

500 hPa MERIDIONAL WIND INCREMENTS - 01092024 to 30092024 (12Z )

UNIT IS METER/SEC

STNID	COUNT	%REJC	SD	BIAS	RMS
42056	21	0	17.8	5.0	18.5
42079	18	0	2.5	-0.9	2.7
42182	10	0	2.5	0.1	2.5
42339	14	0	2.5	0.2	2.5
42410	26	0	2.2	-0.2	2.2
42647	2	0	1.3	-0.2	1.3
42724	7	0	4.7	-0.6	4.8
42809	28	0	2.7	0.2	2.7
42867	15	0	1.9	0.2	1.9
42971	14	0	2.2	0.3	2.2
43003	11	0	2.1	-0.9	2.3
43150	20	0	4.3	0.1	4.3
43279	16	0	2.0	-0.5	2.1
43353	22	0	2.0	-0.7	2.1
43369	29	0	1.9	-0.1	1.9
43371	11	0	2.2	-1.0	2.4

# NCMRWF Monitoring Statistics 01 09 24 TO 30 09 24

Availability - SYNOP/SHIP PRESSURE

Average number of observations in 24 hours - 116125

LAND - WMO REGION I: 6708 II:17527 III: 2115 IV: 6154 V:15255 VI:41460 VII: 735

OCEAN - N. Atlantic:11644 S. Atlantic: 815 Indian: 2681 Pacific: 9764

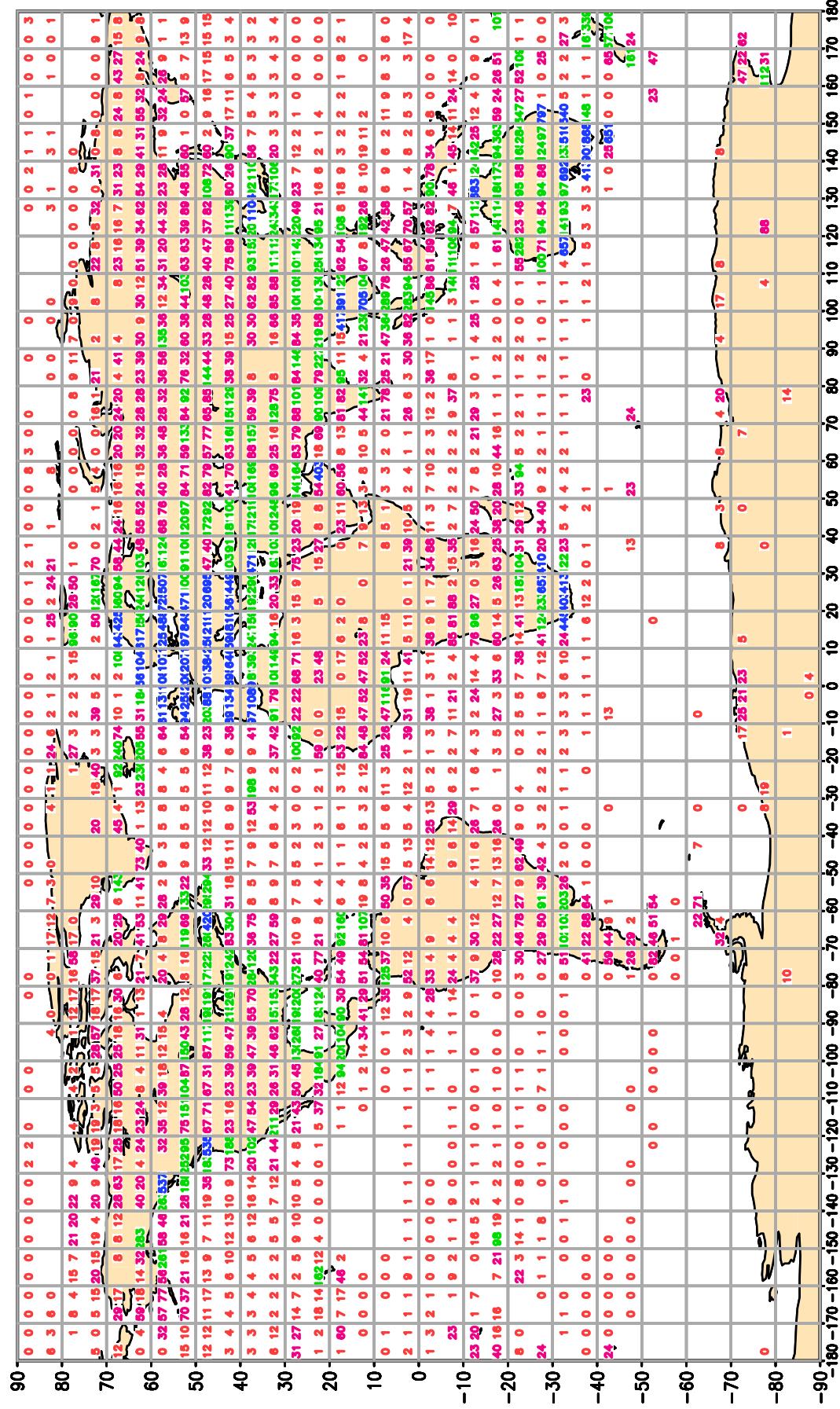


Fig 1.1

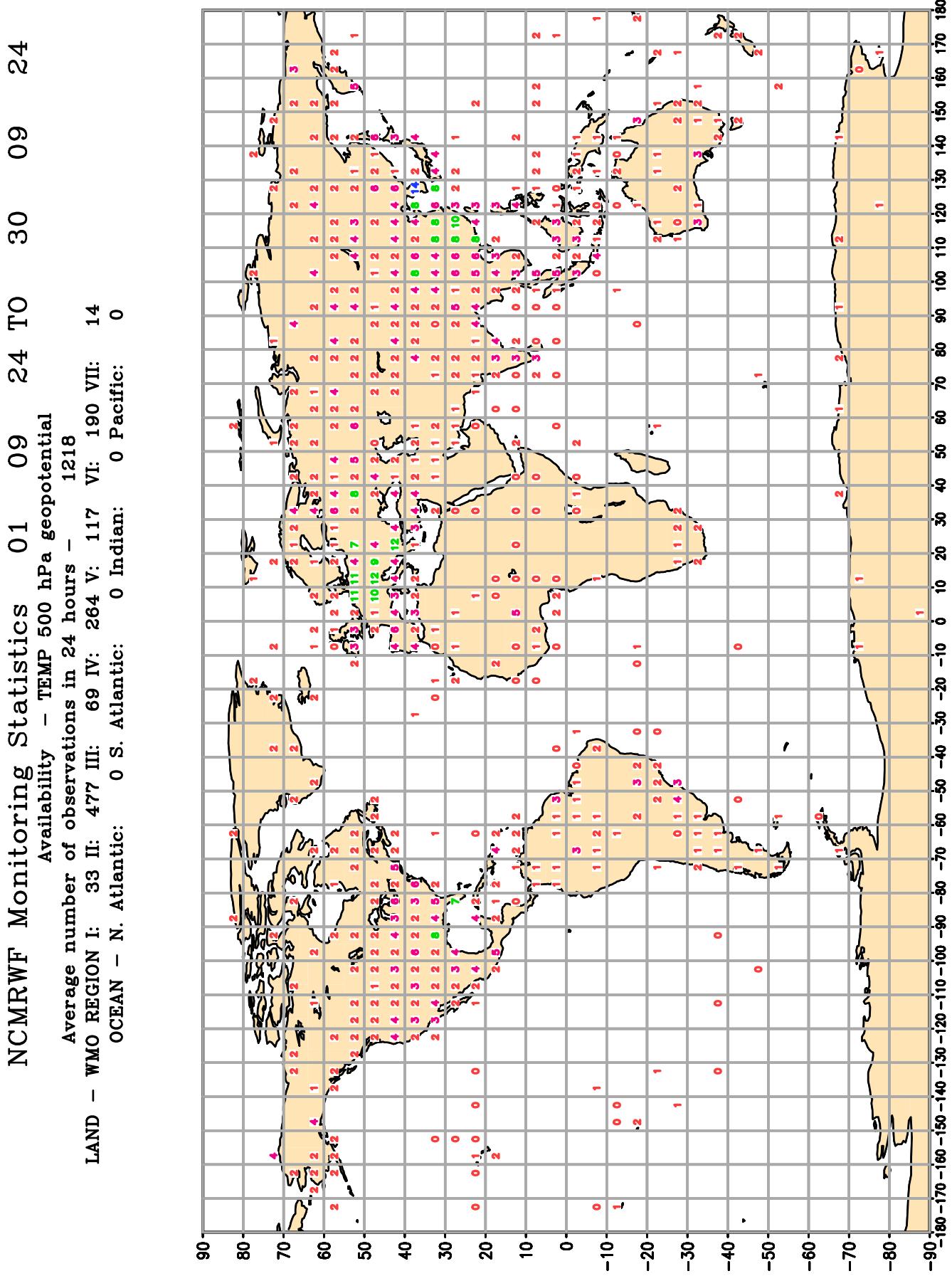


Fig 1.2

# NCMWF Monitoring Statistics

Availability – TEMP/PILOT 300 hPa wind

Average number of observations in 24 hours – 1477

LAND – WMO REGION I: 50 II: 538 III: 90 IV: 353 V: 192 VI: 193 VII: 15

OCEAN – N. Atlantic: 0 S. Atlantic: 0 Indian: 0 Pacific: 0

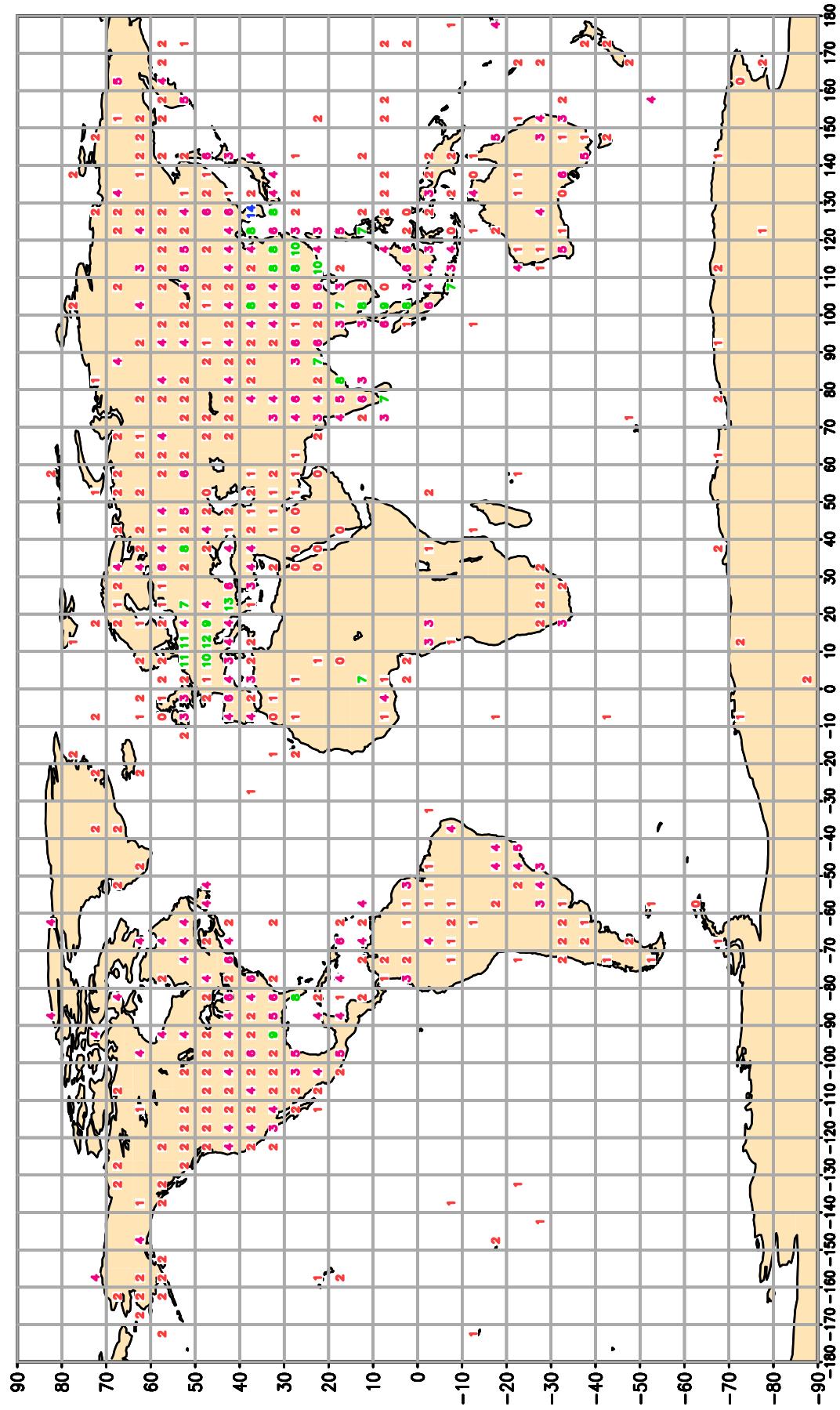


Fig 1.3

NCMRWF Monitoring Statistics    01    09    24  
 Availability – AIRCRAFT winds 300–150 hPa  
 Average number of observations in 24 hours – 217218

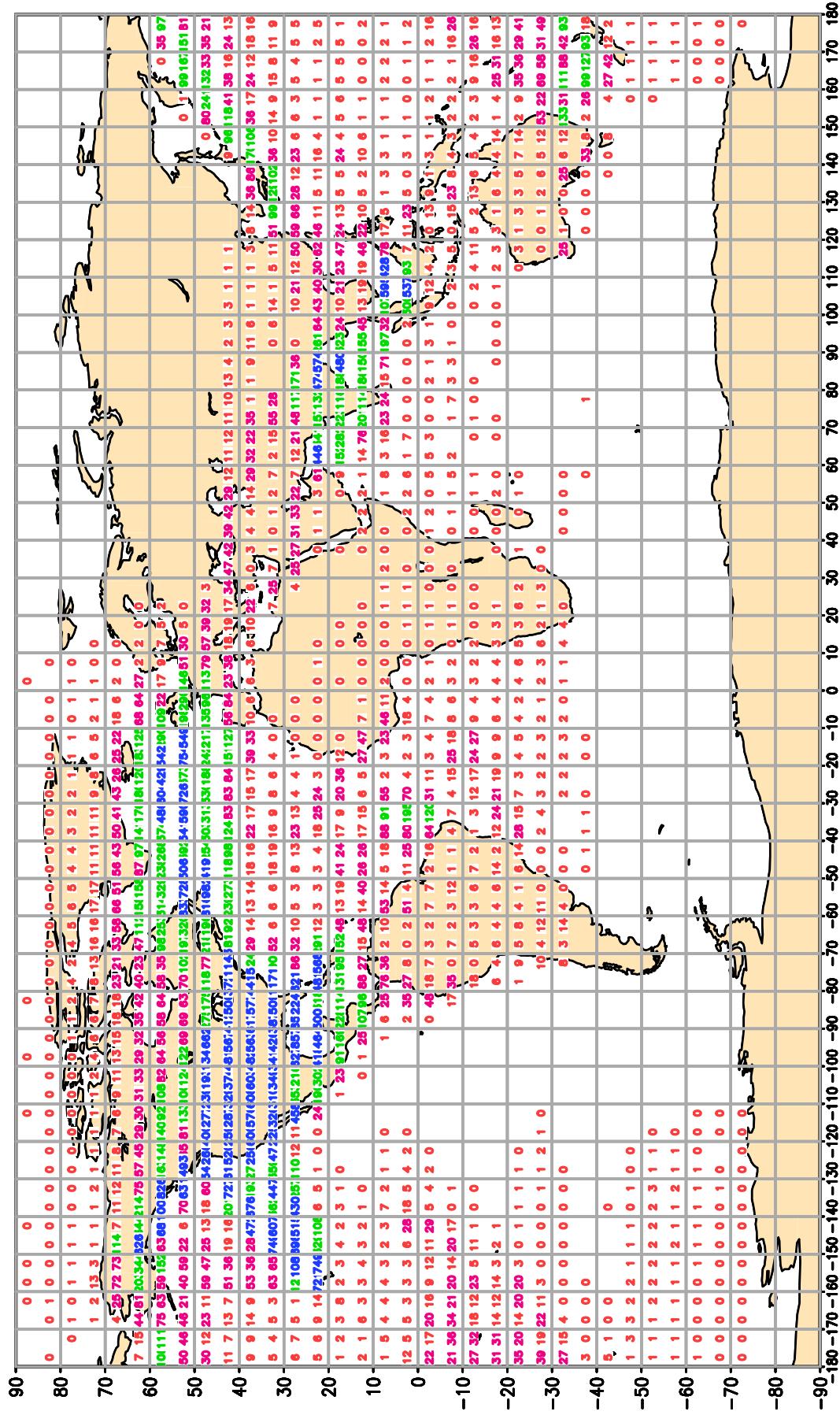


Fig 1.4

NCMRWF Monitoring Statistics 01 09  
 Availability – NOAA 18 ATOVs : AMSU-A  
 Average number of observations in 24 hours – 237633

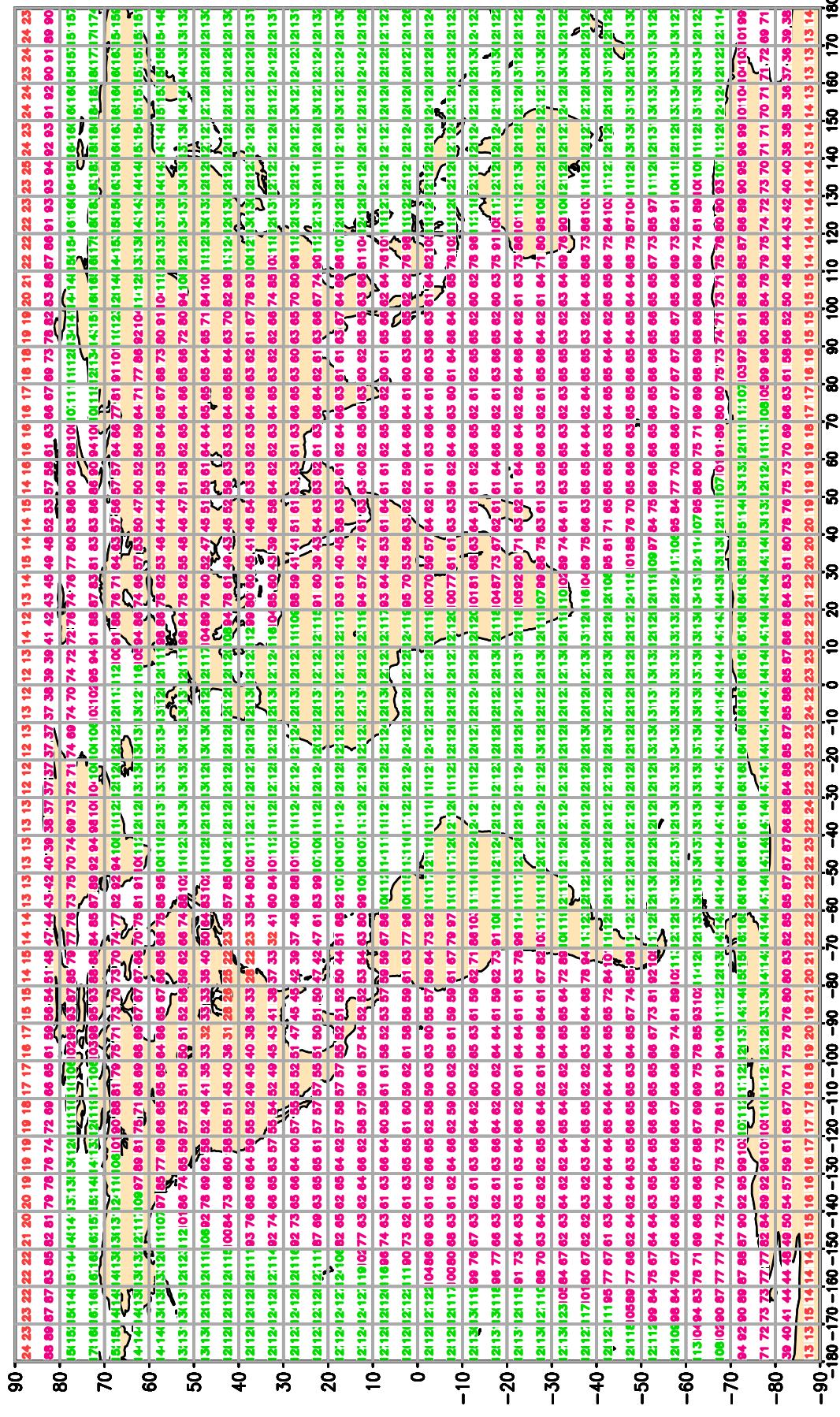


Fig 1.5

NCMRWF Monitoring Statistics 01 09  
Availability – AMV winds 400–150 hPa  
Average number of observations in 24 hours – 440431

90 24  
80 30  
70 09  
60 -  
50 -  
40 -  
30 -  
20 -  
10 -  
0 -

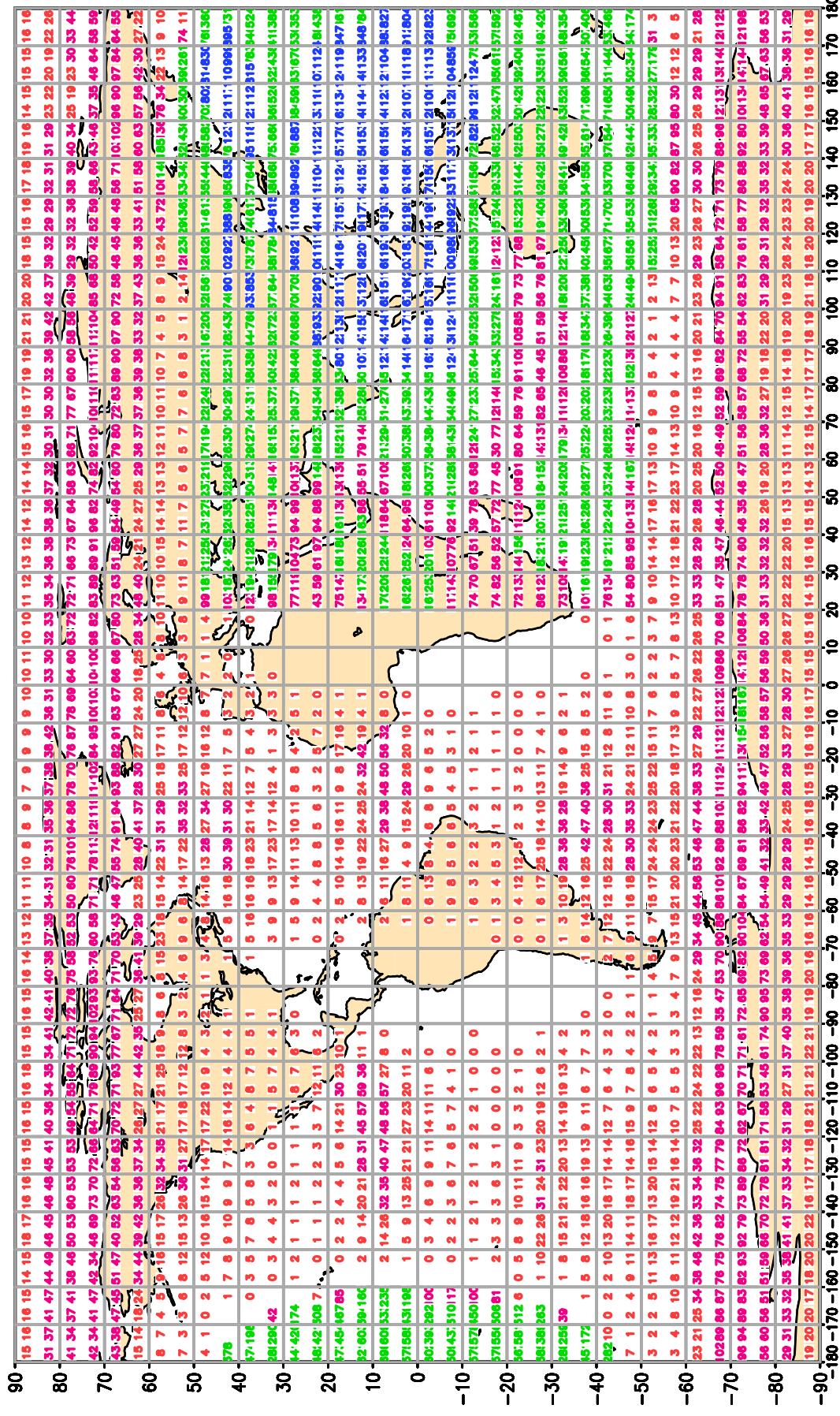


Fig 1.6(a)

NCMRWF Monitoring Statistics 01 09 24 TO 30 09 24  
 Availability – AMV winds 1000–700 hPa  
 Average number of observations in 24 hours – 291583

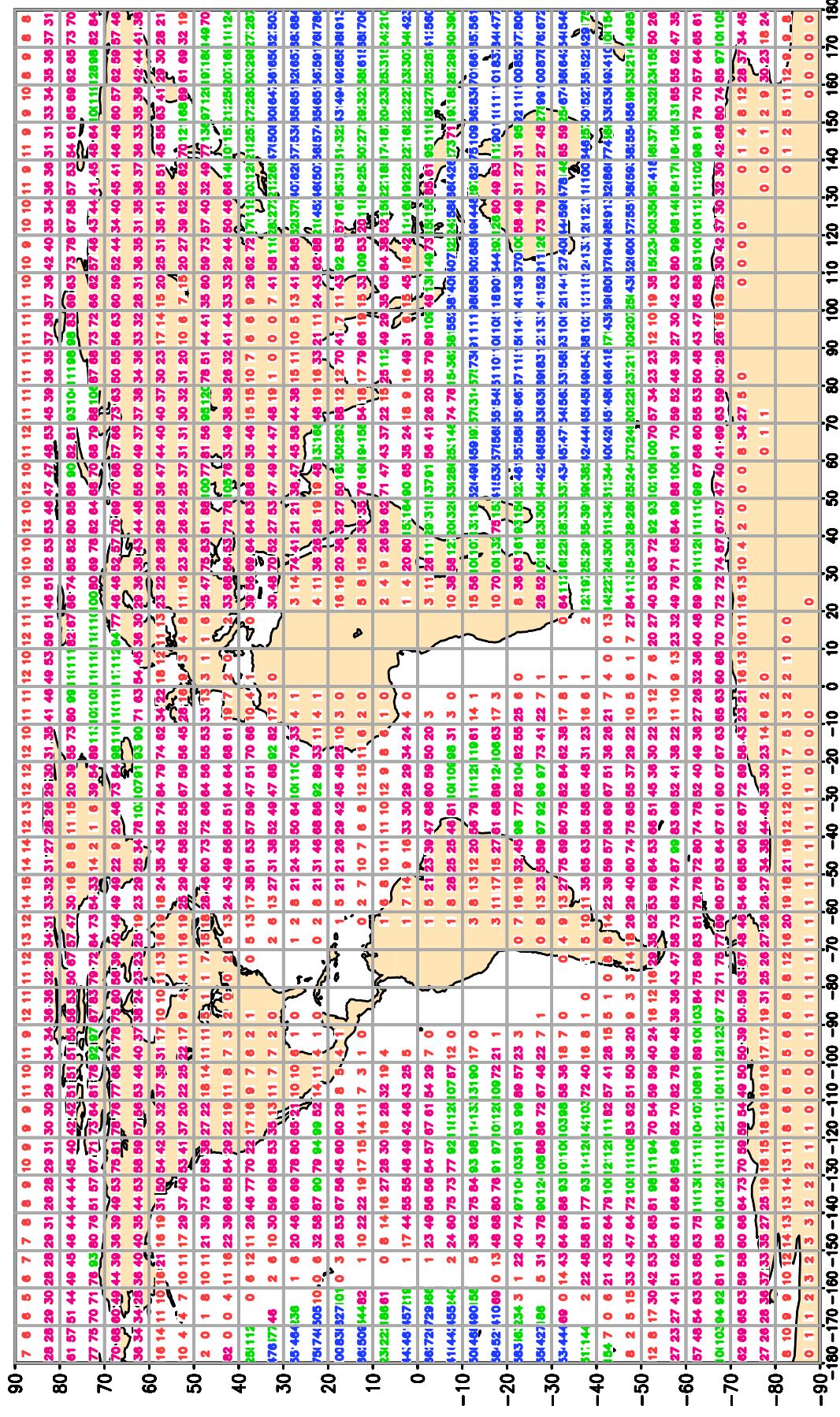


Fig 1.6(b)

NCMRWF Monitoring Statistics 01 09 24 TO 30 09 24

Availability – BUOY PRESSURE

Average number of observations in 24 hours – 43209

OCEAN – N. Atlantic: 8966 S. Atlantic: 2311 Indian: 4350 Pacific:26731

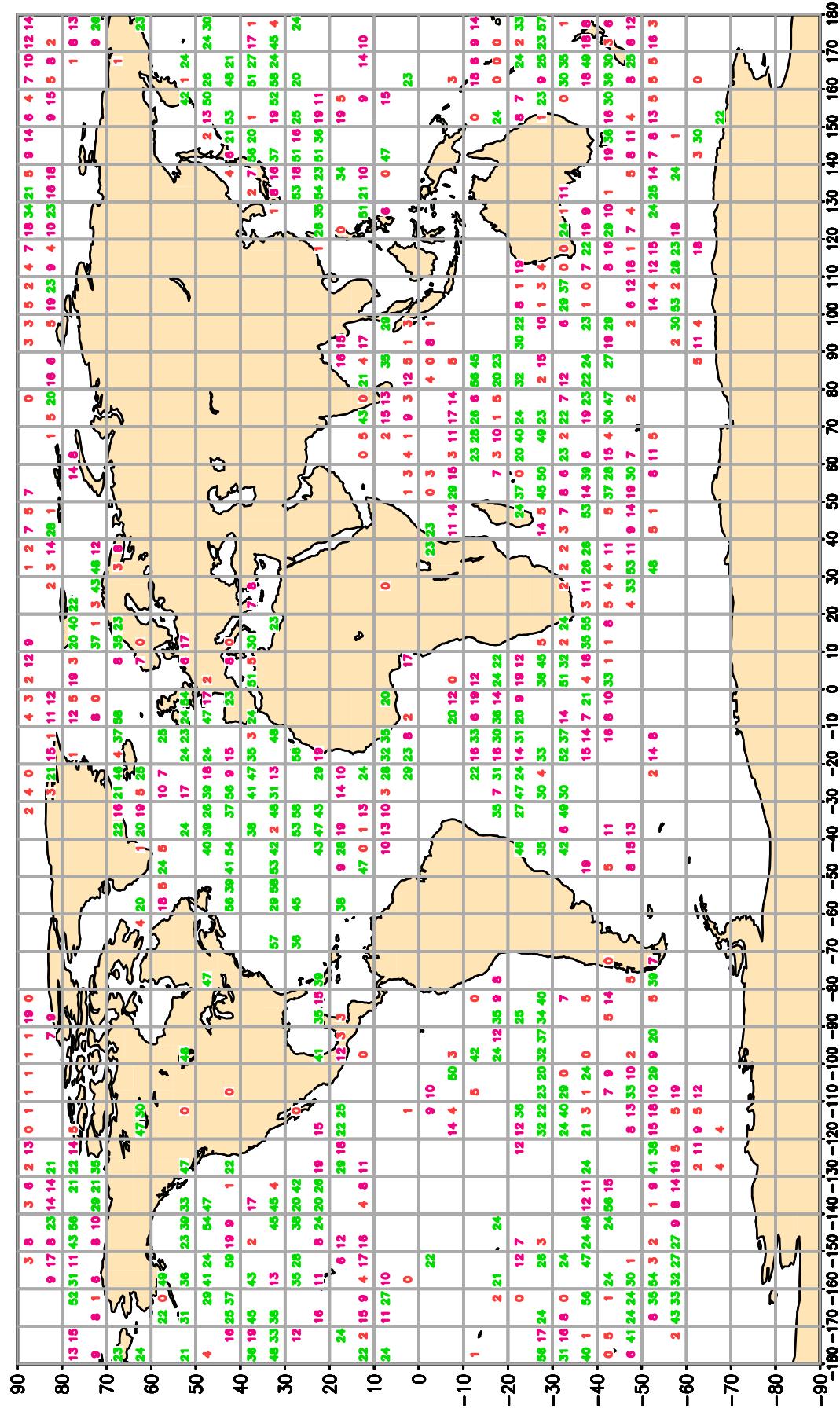
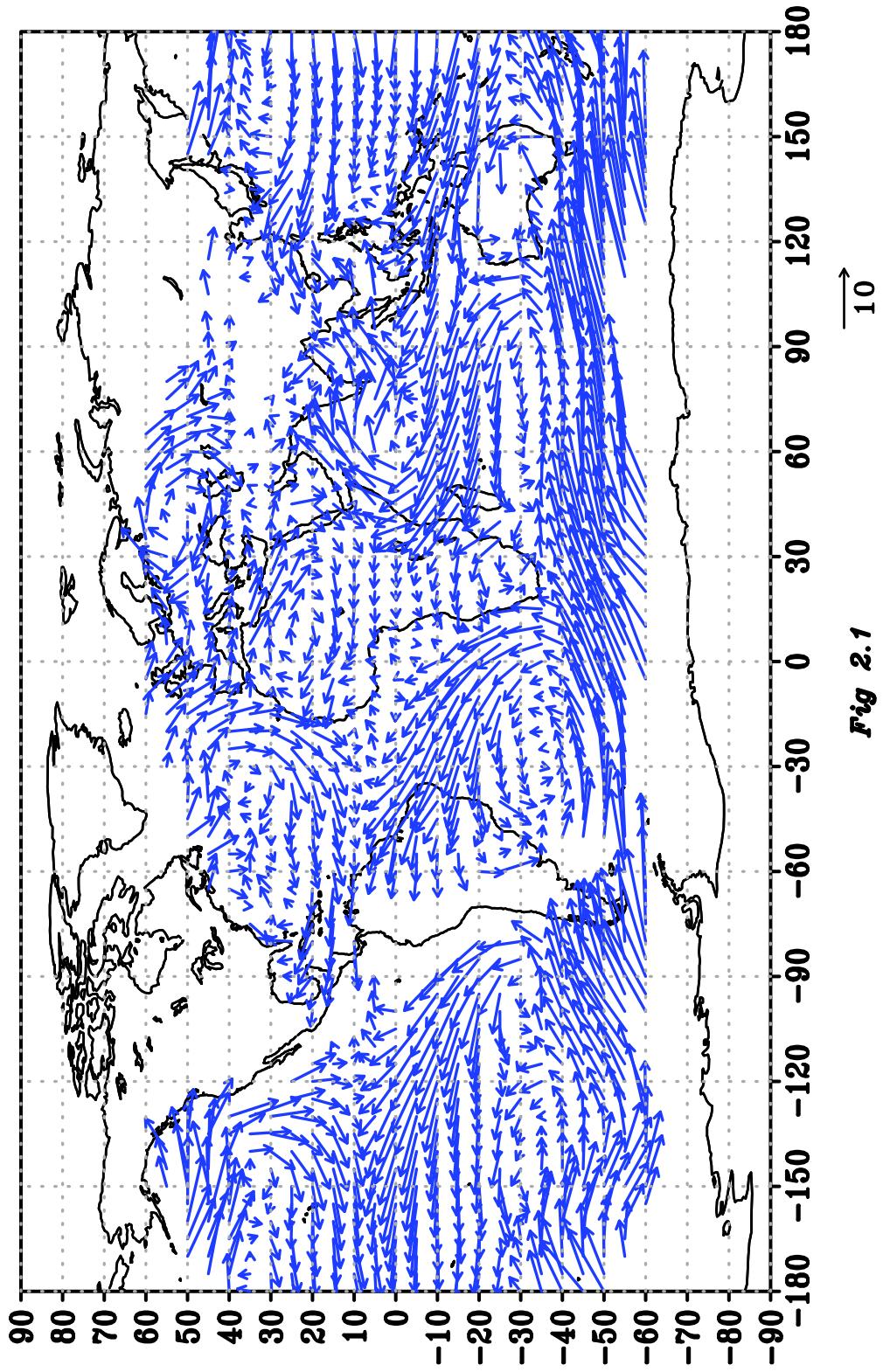


Fig 1.7

**NCMRWF Monitoring Statistics: September 2024**

**AMV WINDS: 700 – 1000 hPa**

**Mean Observed Wind**



*Fig 2.1*

# NCMRWF Monitoring Statistics: September 2024

AMV WINDS: 700 - 1000 hPa

WIND BIAS: Observation - First Guess

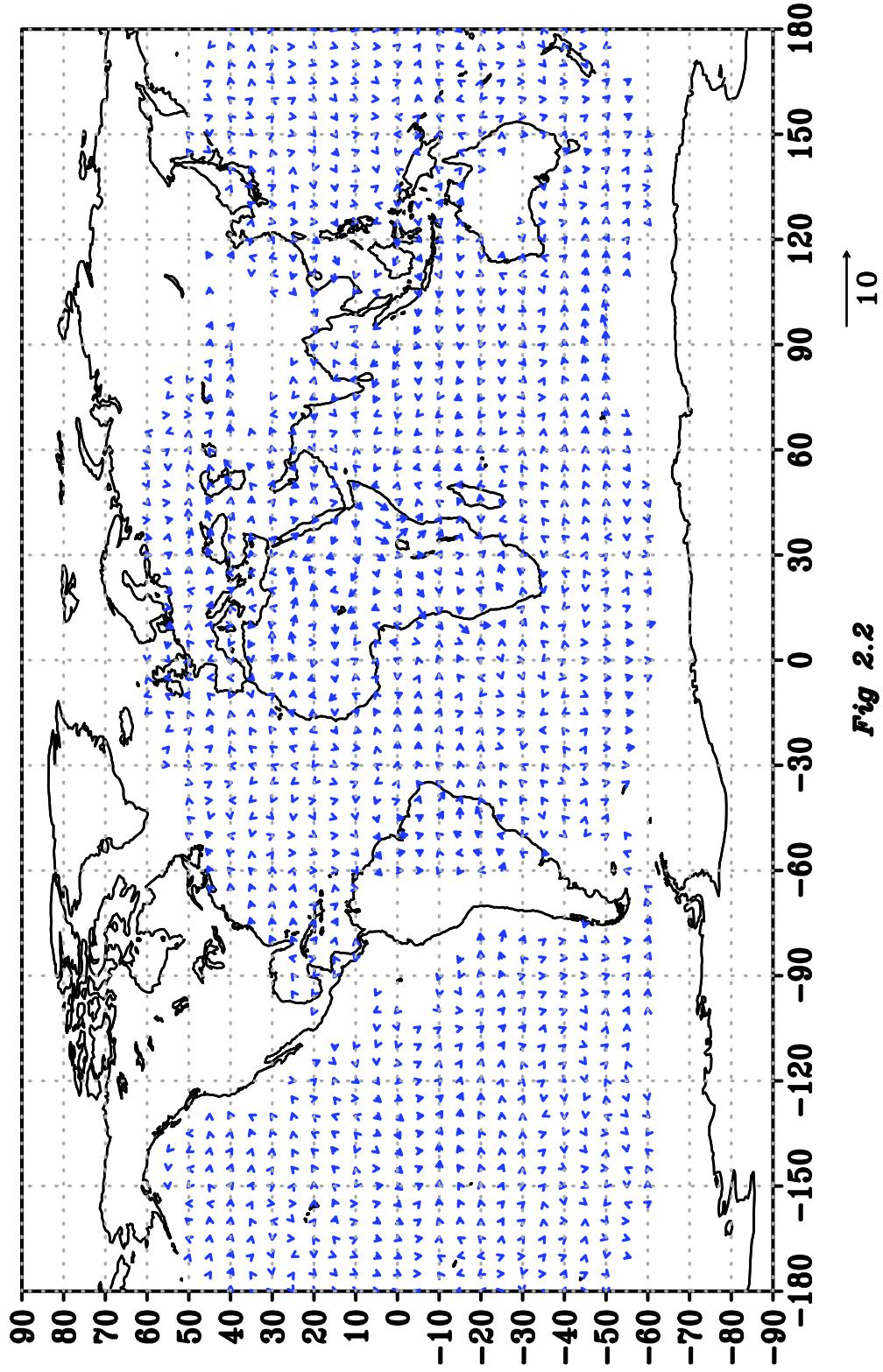


Fig 2.2

# NCMRWF Monitoring Statistics: September 2024

## AMV WINDS: 150 – 400 hPa Mean Observed Wind

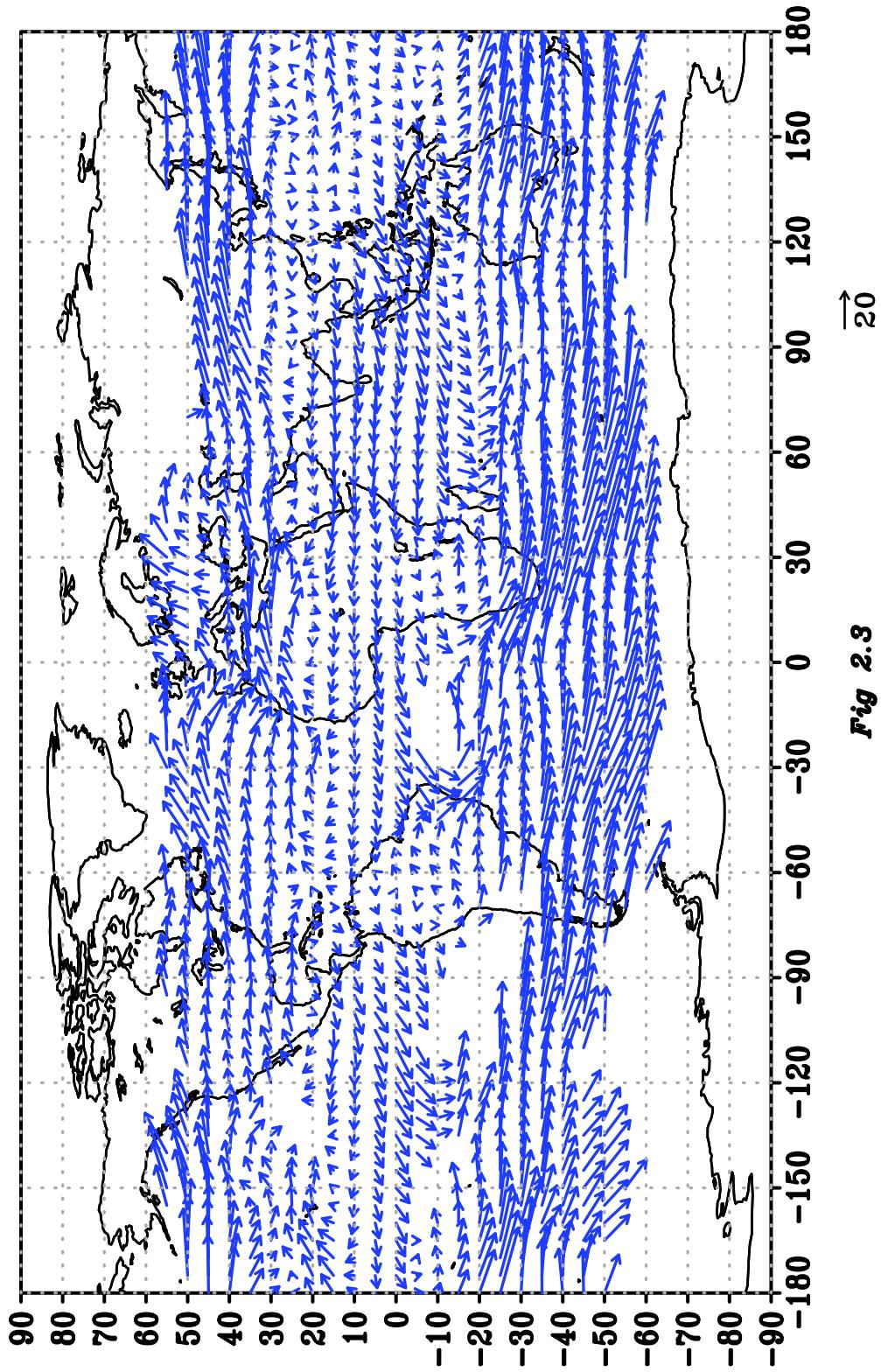


Fig 2.8

# NCMRWF Monitoring Statistics: September 2024

AMV WINDS: 150 - 400 hPa

WIND BIAS: Observation - First Guess

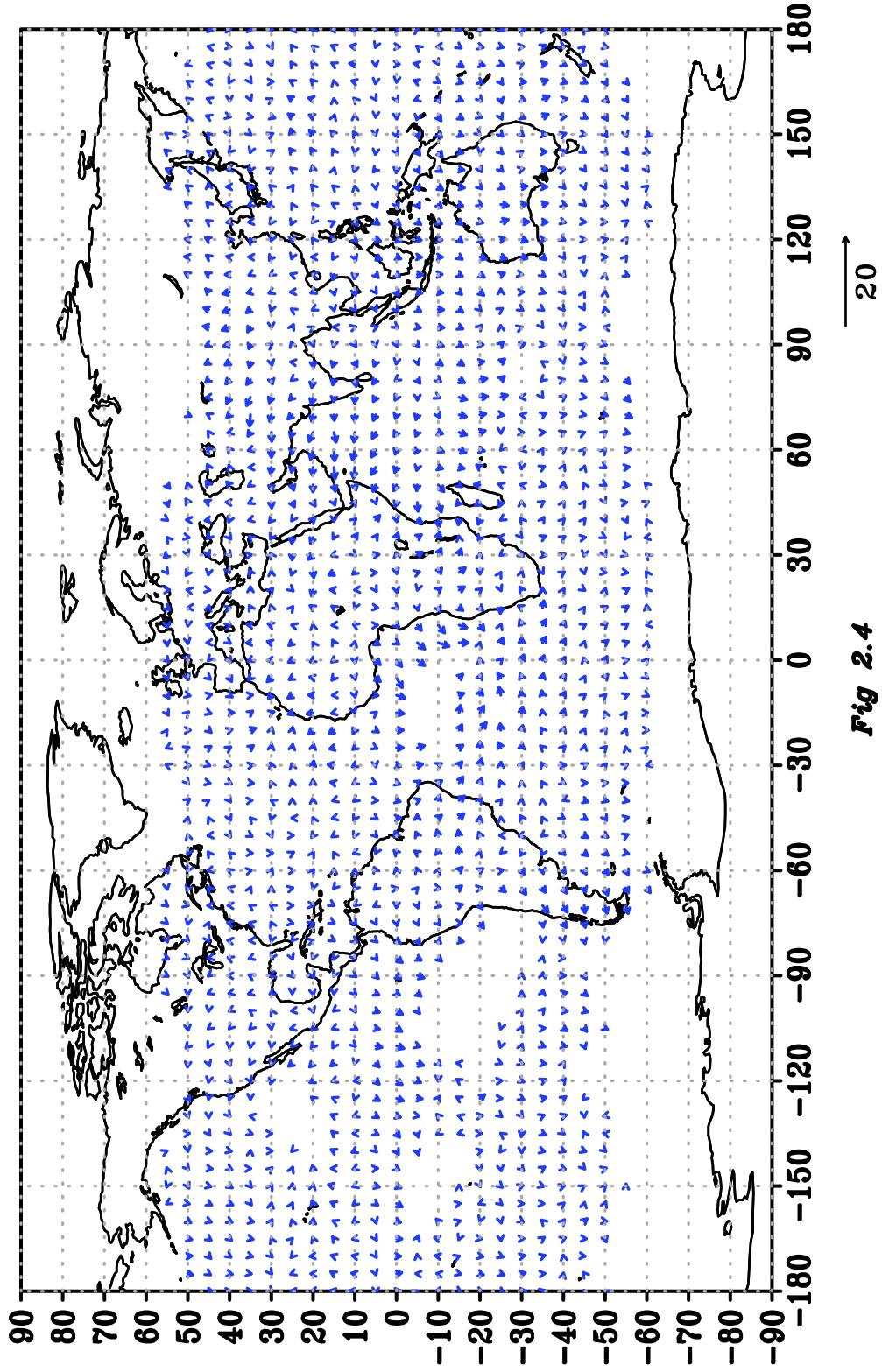


Fig 2.4

Monthly DWR data monitoring at NCMRWF for September 2024(%)

